## Unit 58: BOTH / EITHER / NEITHER

We can use these words in noun phrases. We use them when we are talking about exactly two (not one and not more than two). **Both** is plural (Both girls **are** married); **either** and **neither** are singular (Neither of them **has** children).

## **1** Meaning

■ and ■	There were cars parked on <b>both</b> sides of the road.
	I have two sons. <b>Both</b> of them are engineers.
or 🗖	There was no space to park on <b>either</b> side of the road.
	I've got two cars, but I don't really like <b>either</b> of them.
not $\blacksquare$ and not $\blacksquare$	<b>Neither</b> side of the street was lit. It was very dark.
	<b>Neither</b> of my two sons is married yet.

## 2 With and, or and nor

To show clearly that two things are the same:

**Both** Argentina **and** West Germany have won the World Cup twice. (Argentina has won the World Cup twice and West Germany has won it twice.)

**Either** Argentina **or** Brazil will win the next World Cup. (Argentina might win or Brazil might win; I don't think another team will win.)

**Neither** Scotland **nor** Wales has ever won the World Cup. (Scotland has never won it and Wales has never won it.)

**NOTICE:** In speaking only, we often use a plural verb with **neither**. Neither of my sons **are** married yet. Neither Scotland nor Wales **have** ever won it.