APPENDIX 6: SPELLING: -ing FORMS

USUALLY word + -ing	work – work ing	sleep – sleepin	ıg	
BUT				
a IF WORD ENDS WITH CO	NSONANT + <mark>e</mark> (Append	ix 4) <u>do not write</u>	<u>the e</u> .	
come – coming	ha ve – ha vi	ng	ma ke – ma king	
deci de – deci ding	ho pe – ho p	ing	owe – owing	
freeze – freezing	lose – losing		shi ne – shi ning	
gi ve – gi ving	mana ge – n	nana ging	wri te - wri ting	
b IF WORD ENDS WITH ie, ie y + ing				
d ie – d ying	lie - lying			
but note that ee and ue are regular: agreeing queueing				
c IF WORD ENDS WITH ON	E VOWEL + ONE CONS	ONANT (Appendi)	(4) <u>double the consonant</u> .	
cut – cutting	p ut – pu tting	st op – sto pp i	st op – sto pping	
g et – ge tting	r un – ru nning	trav el – trave	el – travelling	
pref er – prefe rring	sh ip – shi pping	w in – wi nni i	ng	
but <u>do not double</u> if the last part of the word does not have any stress (Appendix 4):				
enter – entering	offer – offering			
(travel is a special case);				
· 1	case);			
and <u>do not double</u> if				
	word ends with	o – keeping	meet – meeting	
and <u>do not double</u> if	word ends with nsonant: keep	0 – keeping K – walking	meet – meeting help – helping	
and <u>do not double</u> if two vowels + one co	word ends with nsonant: keep sonants: wall	1 0	Ũ	